Leintwardine Endowed CE Primary School Learning Journey Key

'Letting Our Light Shine'

YFAR: A TFRM: Autumn 2 YEAR GROUPS: 5/6 SUBJECT: History

Key Question: What difference has World War 2 made to Britain?

Why did Britain have to go to war in 1939? Why was it necessary for children to be evacuated and what was evacuation really like? How was Britain able to stand firm against the German threat? Was it all about the men

How do we know what life

Why did Germany lose the

on the Home Front was

and the boys?

reallu like?

Battle of Britain?

Question

Allies Axis propaganda censorship Dunkirk evacuation Battle of Britain The Blitz D-day rationing evacuation evacuee air-raid shelters

gas masks Nazi Luftwaffe Adolf Hitler doodlebugs Winston Churchill telegram spitfire

Vocabulary to Use

Information which will help me

Date Key events September 1, 1939 Germany invades Poland Britain and France declare war on Germany (start of WW2) September 3, 1939 Rationing introduced across the UK January, 1940 Dunkirk evacuated and France surrenders to Germany May to June, 1940 Germany uses blitzkrieg to take over much of Western Europe Germany launches air attacks on Great Britain (The Battle of Britain and the Blitz begins) July, 1940 Germany, Italy and Japan signed the Tripartite Pact creating the axis The Japanese attack the US navy in Pearl Harbor. The next day, the December 7, 1941 USA enters the war fighting with the allies D-day and the Normandy invasion. Allied forces invade France and June 6, 1944 push back the Germans April 30, 1945 Adolf Hitler commits suicide May 7, 1945 Germany surrenders & victory in Europe is declared the next day Atomic bombs dropped on Hiroshima & Nagasaki, Japan by the US August 1945 killing approximately 226,000 people

Japan surrenders signaling the end of WW2

RATION BOOK

Leaders

the Führer meaning leader)

demands prior to the war)

from 1951 - 1955)

Leader of the Nazi Party and Chancellor of

Germany, 1933 - 1945 (also referred to as

UK Prime Minister, 1940 - 1945 (and again

UK Prime Minister, 1937 - 1940 (infamous

US President, 1933 - 1945 (took the US into the war following the Perl Harbor attacks)

US President, 1945 - 1953 (responsible for

the decision to drop Atomic bombs on Japan) General Secretary of the Communist Party

for failed attempts to satisfy Hitler's



Below: Remains of a house after a

bombing raid during the Blitz

Describe the Battle of Britain using a range of evidence from different sources.

Identify key features of resistance to German invasion.

Evaluate sources and suggest how and why a specific viewpoint has been adopted.

Rationing ends in the UK July, 1954 'History will be kind to me for I intend to write it.' Churchill



September 2, 1945

Women helped to win the war so permanent changes were called for.



victory' - Hitler (performing Nazi salute above)







Adolf Hitler

Winston

Churchill

Neville

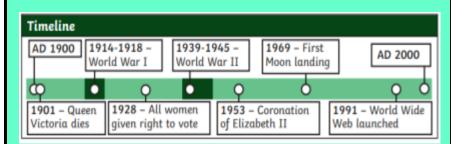
Chamberlain

Franklin D.

Roosevelt

Harry S.

Truman



Timeline of World War 2

dilemma facing Chamberlain and other appeasers. Identify key features of resistance to

German invasion.

Can I....?

Evaluate the